

Example 2 Landsupe Notes

Landscape Notes

Soil Preparation

- Building material and weeds to be removed from the site
- prior to planting a non-residual herbicide application if required
- · Garden beds to be dug over
- Imported top soil to be incorporated (mixed) into the site soil
- · Lawn areas to be hoed (rotary)

Lawns

- Lawns to be seeded with non-invasive grass species:
- Appropriate species include Queensland Bluegrass, Red Leg-grass, Weeping grass, Creeping Bent grass, Clustered Wallaby grass, Kentucky Blue-grass and Tall Fescue.
- Garden bed edge to define lawn areas adjacent to garden beds to be sourced from treated pine, recycled plastic, moulded concrete, plantation grown sugar gum or local stone.

Planting

- Trees to have wooden stakes with plastic tree guards
- All plants to be well grown and disease free
- Plants to be well-established and equal to best quality and size
- Trees to have a well developed straight stem and trunk calliper
- Shrubs to have a single leading shoot with buds and leaves
- Groundcovers to have a strong primary and developing secondary shoots
- Planting holes to be dug twice as wide as the pots. Holes to be deeper than the pot and backfilled and watered prior to planting.

- Plants to be thoroughly watered in
- · Apply gypsum where necessary

Mulching

- Garden bed to be mulched with 100mm of renewable resource mulch ((eg-Eucimulch), or pine or local common Eucalyptus.
- Mulch to be kept away from the base of plants
- All mulch to be free of weed material and pieces not to exceed 15mm.

Irrigation

- Minimise the requirement for irrigation by selecting drought tolerant plants
- Automatic watering system to comprise low volume drip systems.

Establishment Maintenance Program

- An Establishment Maintenance Program to apply for 24 months from completion of landscape works:
- Maintenance program shall comprise:
 All plant material to be maintained in good condition

Maintain mulch to a depth no less than 50mm Control all weed species in garden beds

Prune or remove dead or damaged branches to promote growth

Irrigate all garden beds and lawn areas

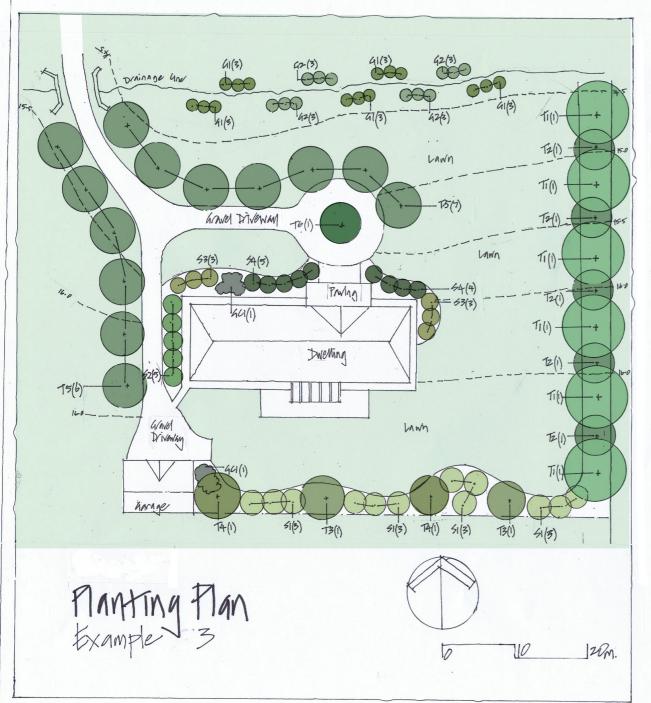
Fertilise beds with complete organic fertiliser

Inspect for disease, and apply control methods promptly

Replace dead plants

Provenance

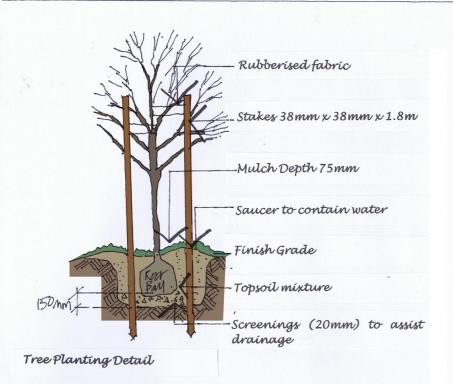
- Plantings of indigenous species to use plant material sourced from local seed source.
- · Refer to Council for a list of suppliers.

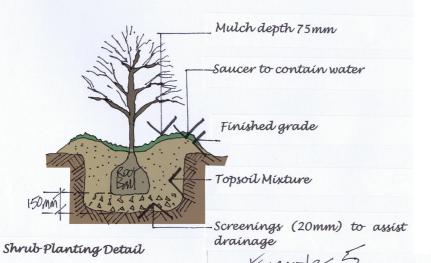


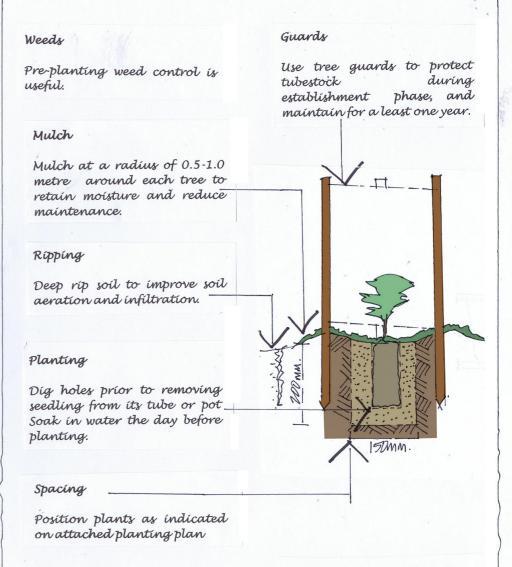
Example 4 Plant Vist

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Code	Botanical Name	Common Name	Ult Size	Planting Size	20
Large	r Trees		1 0		
T1	Eucalyptus oblígua	Messmate	15m	75mm Tube	25
T1	Eucalyptus ovata	Swamp gum	15m	75mm Tube	25
Small	er Trees	r .	l.		
T2	Allocasuarina verticillata	Drooping Sheoak	6m	75mm Tube	15
T2	Acacía paradoxa	Hedge Wattle	6m	75mm Tube	15
T2	Leptospermum lanigerum	Woolley Tea Tree	8m	75mm Tube	15
T3	Acer Palmatum	Japanese Maple	6m	I.Om high	2
T4	Fraxinus excelsior "Aurea"	Golden Ash	6m	1.0m high	2
Ornav	nental Trees				
T5	Betula pendula	Silver Birch	6m	1.0m high	12
T6	Largestroemía indica	Crepe Myrtle	4m	1.0m high	1
Shrub:	r				
S1	Acacia genistifolia	Spreading Wattle	2m	140mm Pot	18
S2	Grevillea rosmariniifolia	Rosemary Grevillea	2m	140mm Pot	5
S3	Banksia marginata	Silver Banksia	4m	140mm Pot	6
S4	Choisya ternata	Mexican Orange Blossom	2m	140mm Pot	9
Groun	d Covers				
GC1	Hardenbergia violacea	Purple Coral Pea	2m Spread	75mm tube	2
Drain	age Line				
G1	Lomandra- longifolia	Spiny Headed Mat Rush	1m	75mm Tube	15
G2	Juncus Procerus	Tall Rush	1m	75mm Tube	12







Tubestock Planting Detail

Flanting Perails